



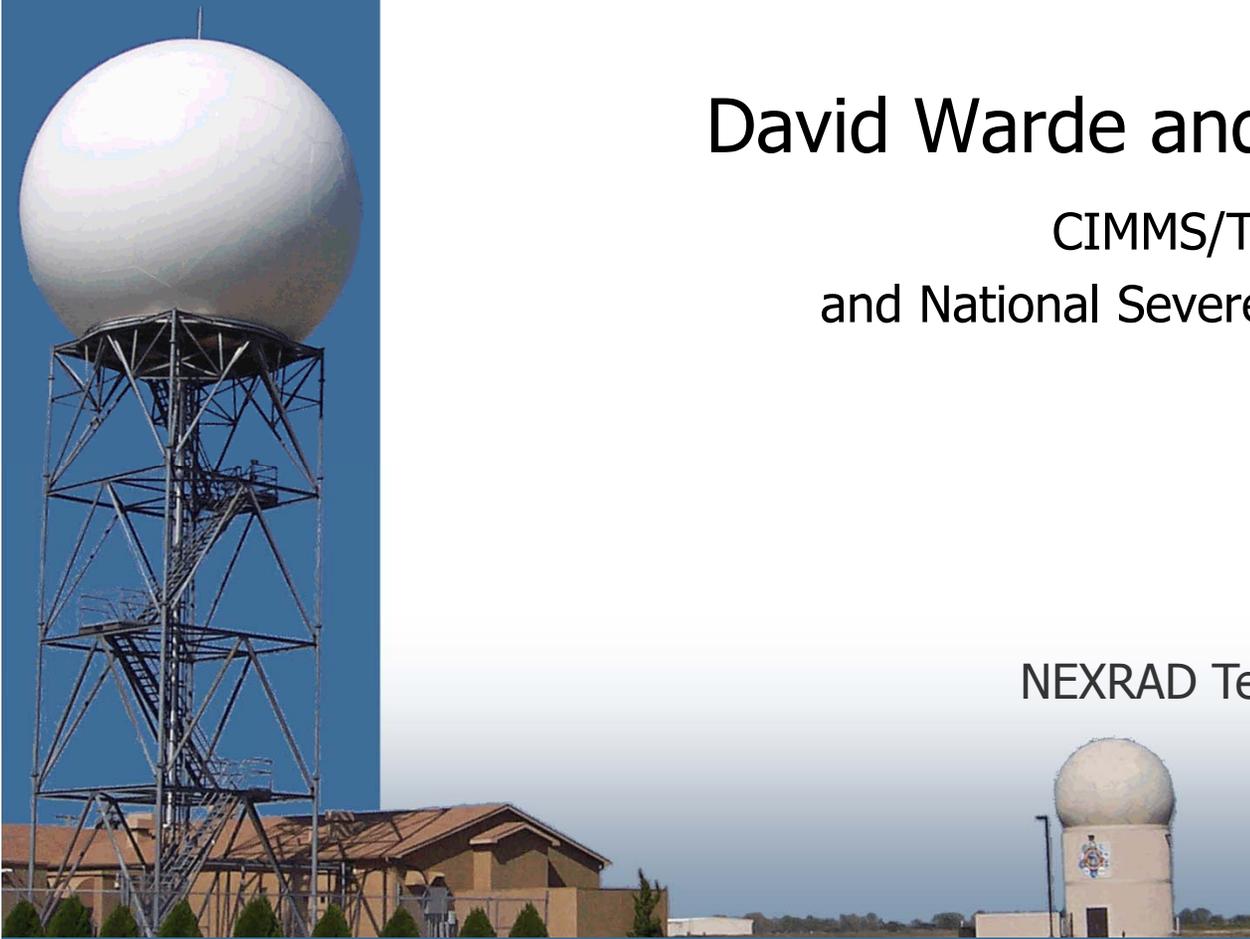
Improvements to ground clutter mitigation for polarimetric Doppler weather radars

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NEXRAD Technical Advisory Committee

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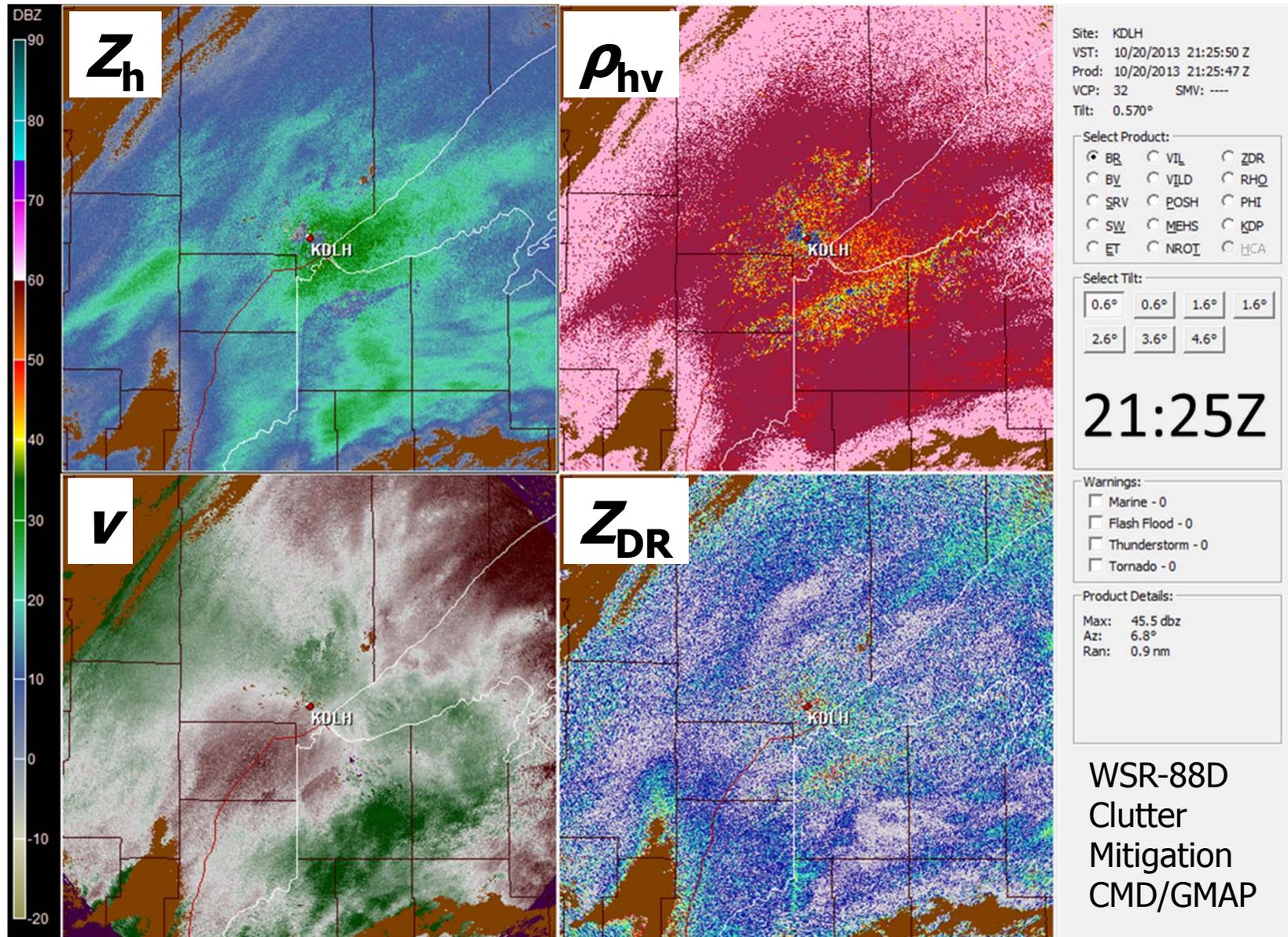


background

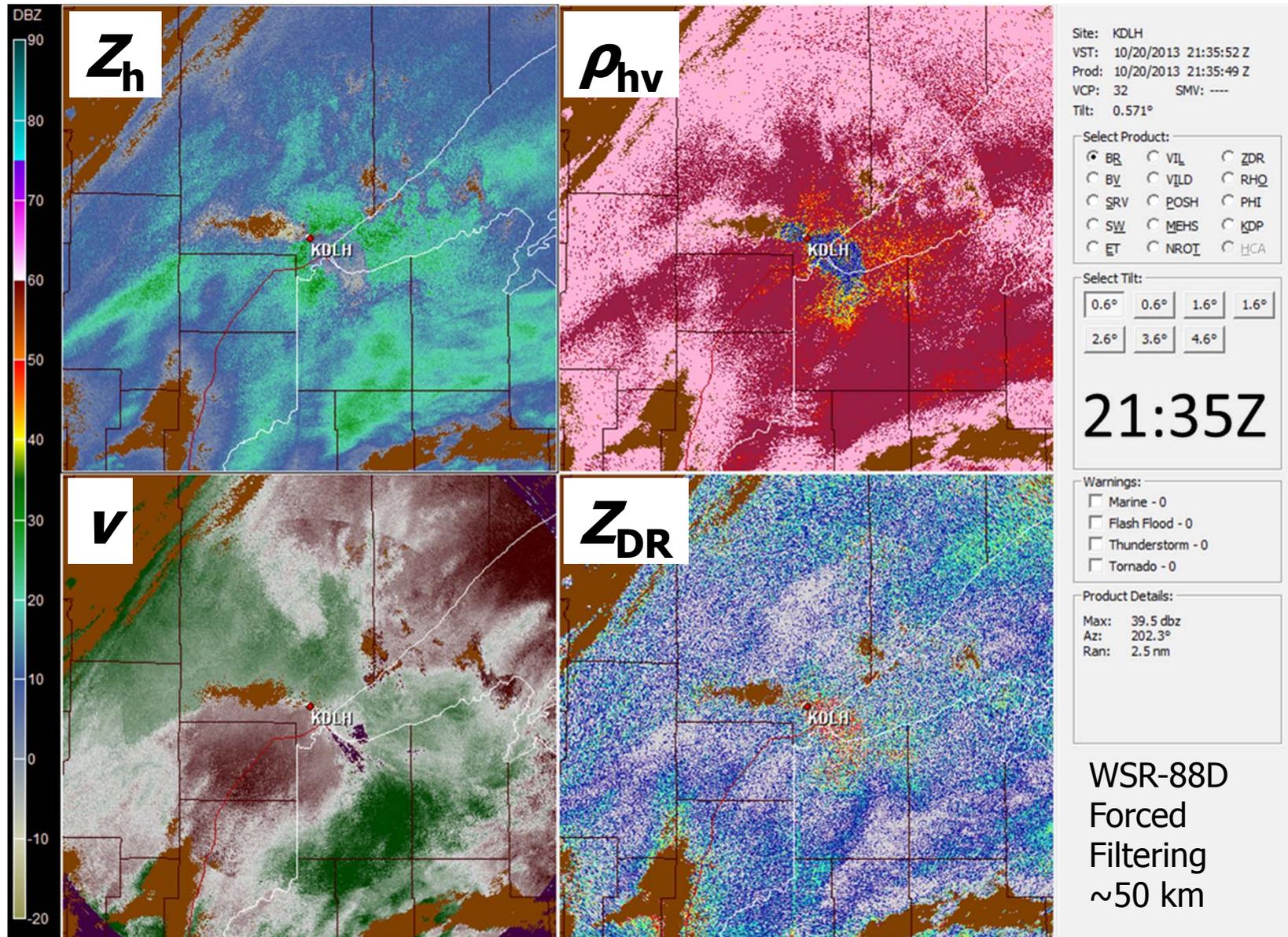


- What does **Ground Clutter** do?
 - Obscures/biases meteorological-variable estimates
 - What does **Ground Clutter** look like?
 - Reflectivity: wide range of values
 - Doppler Velocity: near zero
 - Spectrum Width: very narrow (< 0.5 m/s)
 - What can we do about **Ground Clutter**?
 - Filter to mitigate obscuration/bias
 - Misapplication of the filter affects data quality
 - Ground Clutter Filter may remove some weather signal
 - Challenge: zero-isodop weather (similar characteristics as ground clutter)
 - Tapered data window unnecessarily applied
-

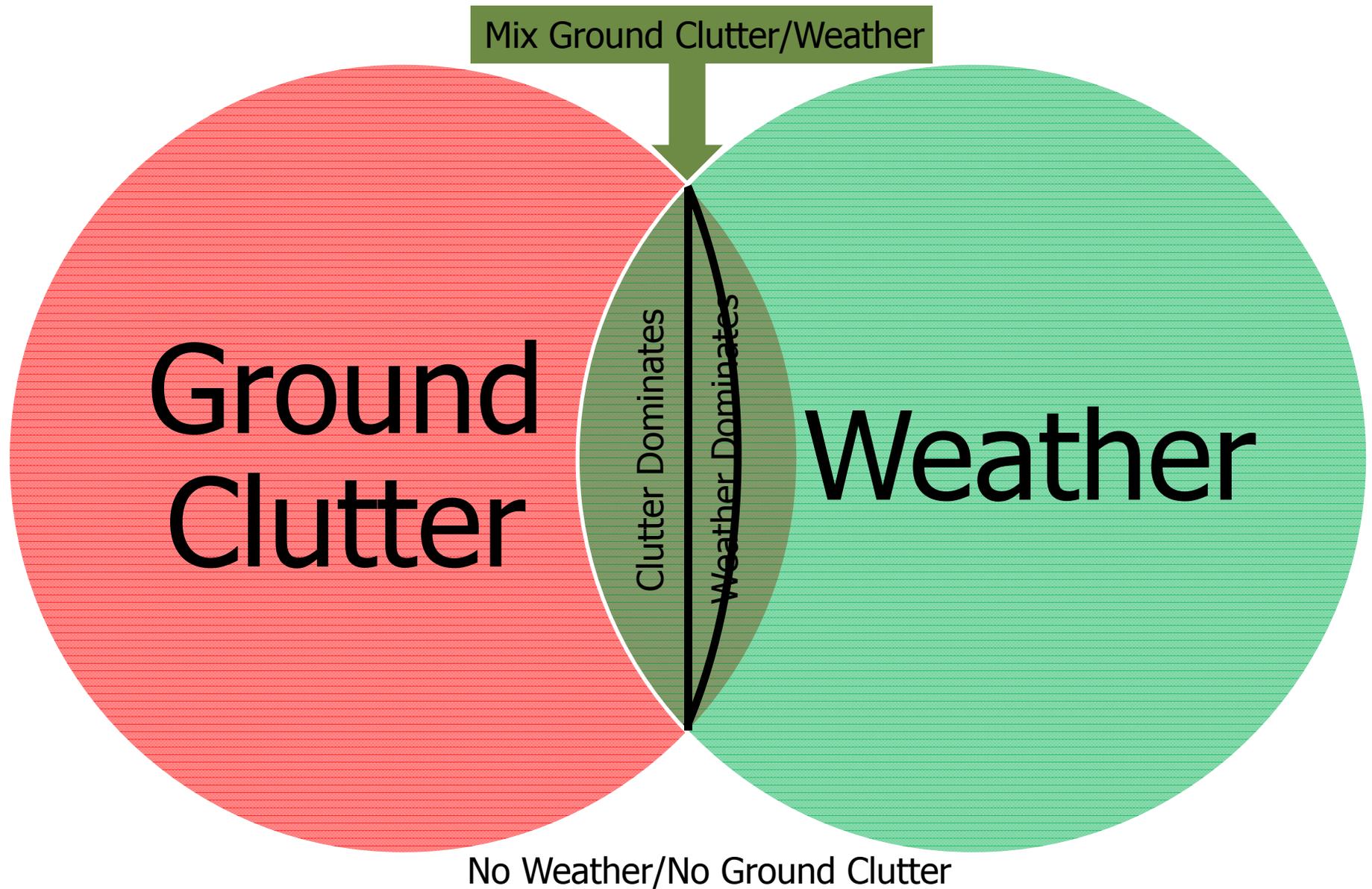
snowing in Duluth, MN



snowing in Duluth, MN



simple radar return classification

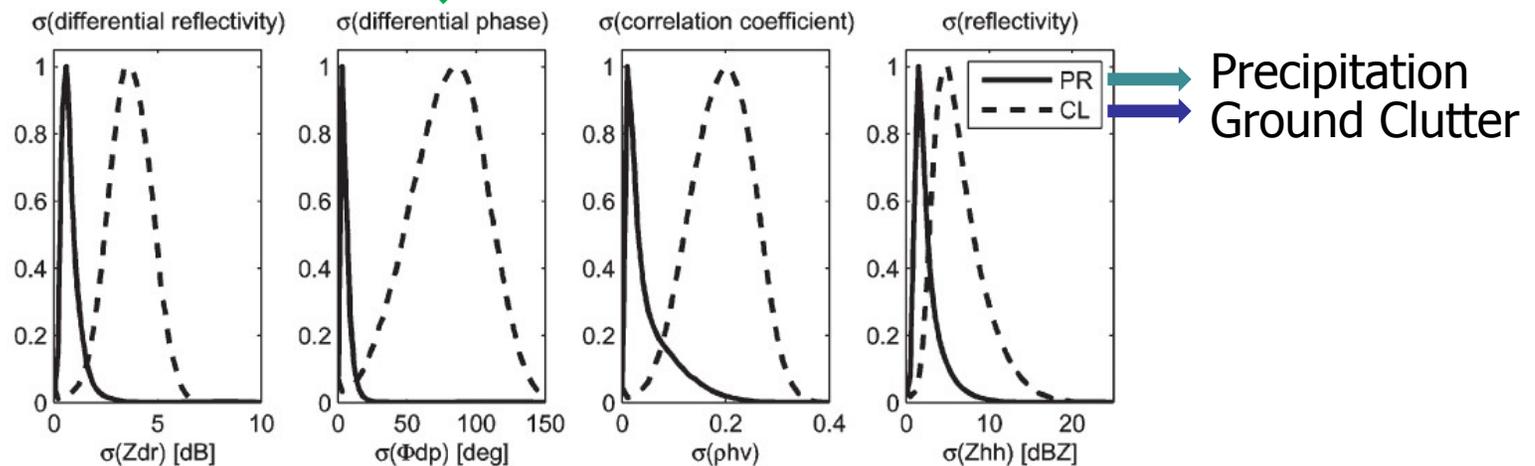


can we tell where weather is?



- Dual polarization variables should help
 - **DP variables don't discriminate well**
 - **spatial variability of DP variables do**

Best Discriminator: spatial standard deviation of ϕ_{DP}



(source: Rico-Ramirez, 2008, IEEE TGRS)

identifying dominant weather

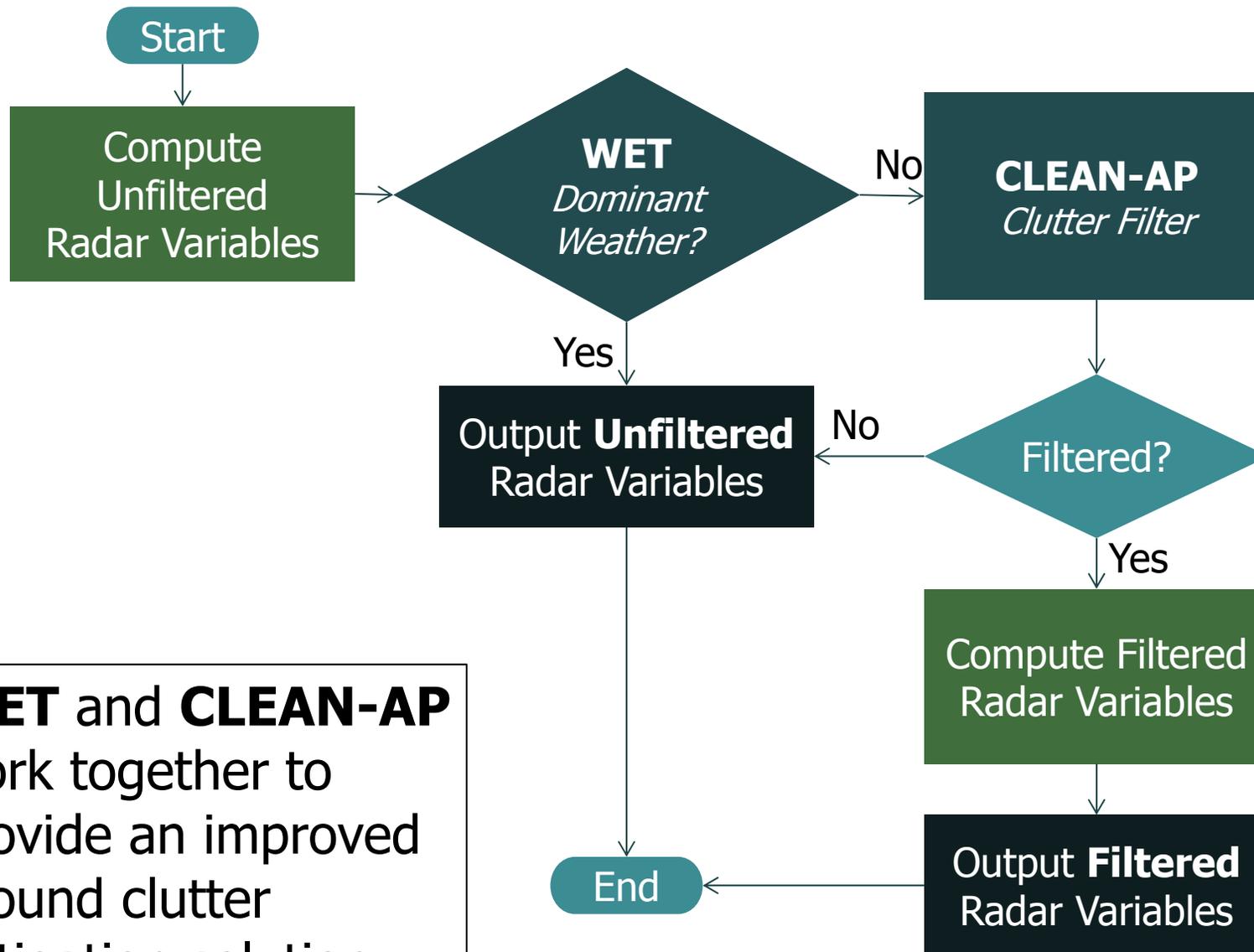


- Weather returns exhibit smooth ϕ_{DP} in range
 - Variability of ϕ_{DP} : $\Delta\phi_{DP}(n) = \phi_{DP}(n+1) - \phi_{DP}(n)$
 - n indexes range gates
 - Measured variability is due to **spatial variability** and **statistical uncertainty** (variance)
 - $(\Delta\phi_{DP})^2 = \sigma_{spatial}^2(\phi_{DP}) + \sigma_{estimate}^2(\phi_{DP})$
 - Spatial variability can be assessed by removing expected statistical uncertainty
 - Melnikov (2004) computed theoretical variance expression
- Dominant weather is identified as
 - Low spatial variability
 - Threshold on $\Delta\phi_{DP}$ based on look-up table
 - SNR > 20 dB and $\rho_{hv} \geq 0.99$

WET

Weather Environment Threshold

complete mitigation solution

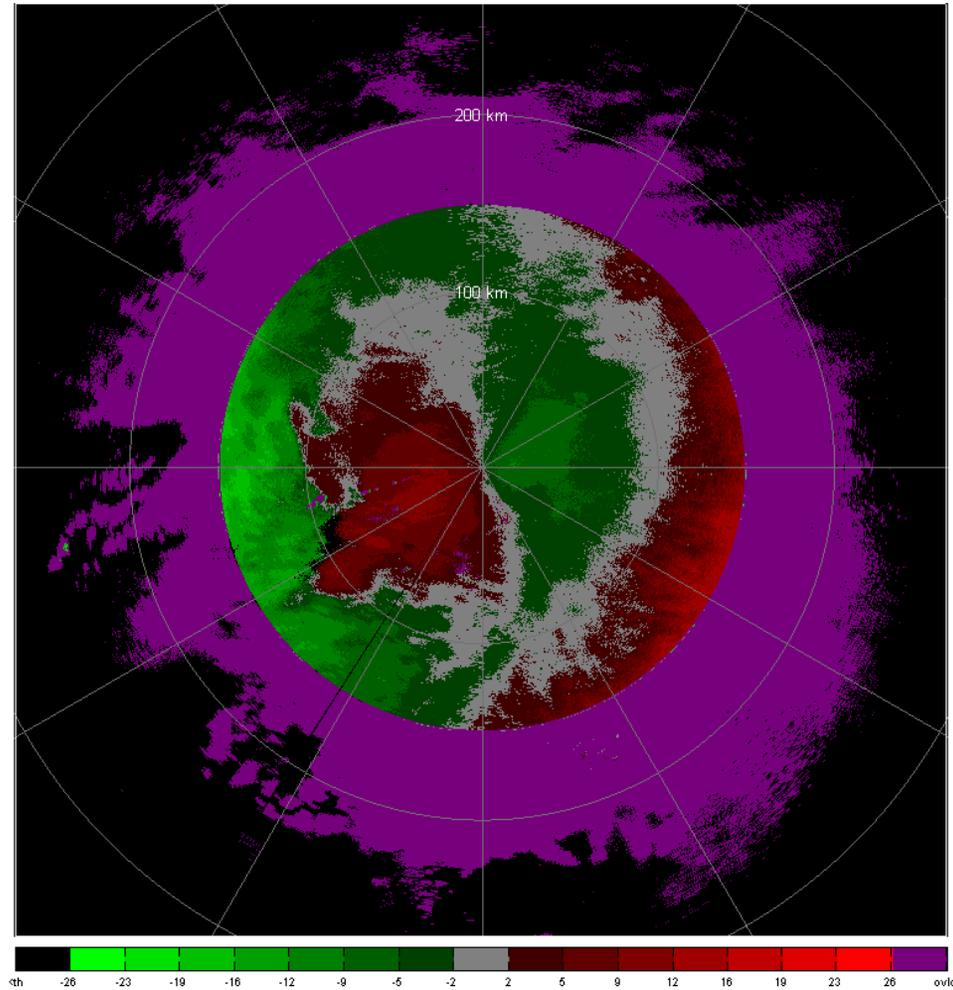


WET and **CLEAN-AP** work together to provide an improved ground clutter mitigation solution

snow again, Duluth, MN (✓)



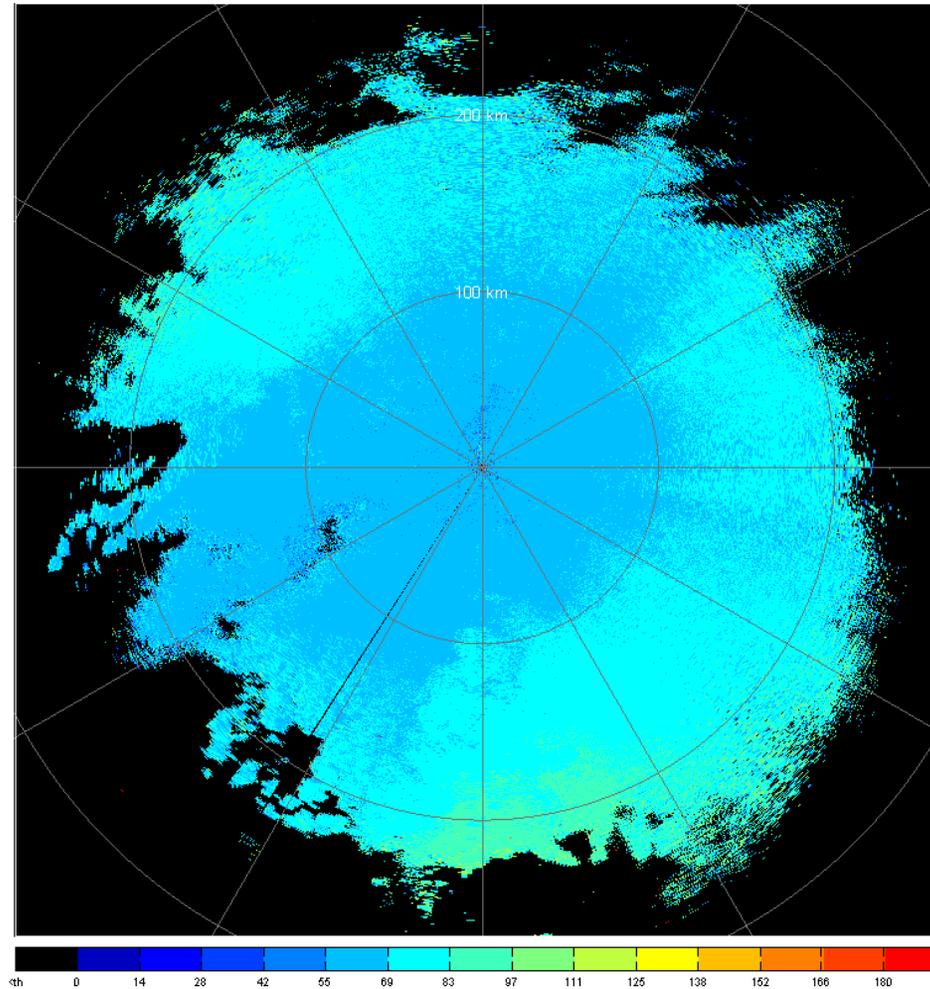
WET/CLEAN-AP



snow again, Duluth, MN (ϕ_{DP})



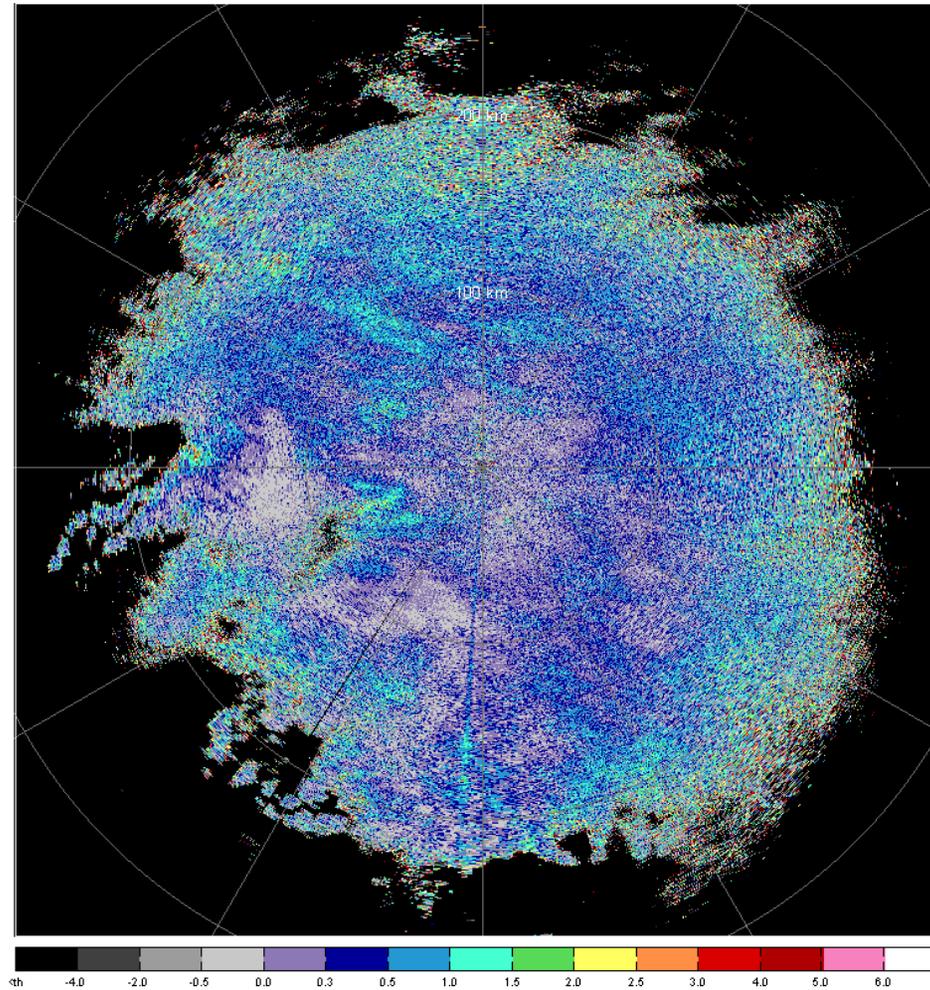
WET/CLEAN-AP



snow again, Duluth, MN (Z_{DR})



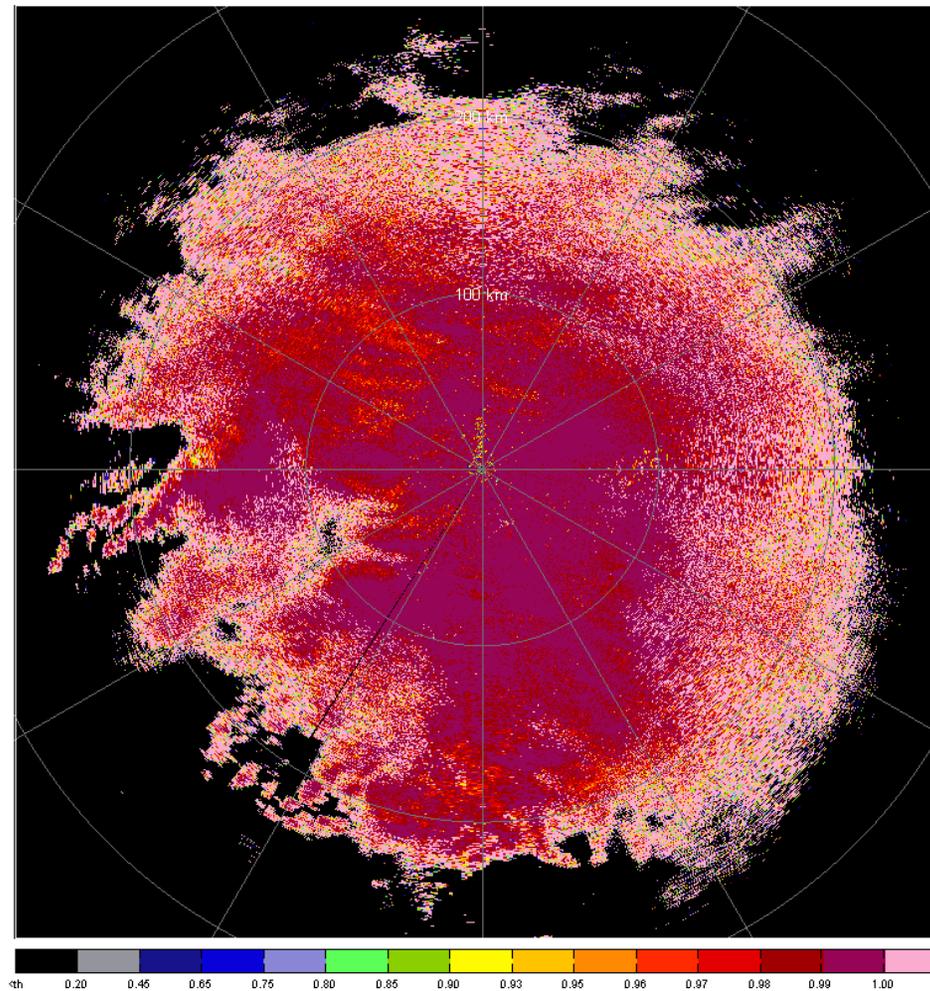
WET/CLEAN-AP



snow again, Duluth, MN (ρ_{hv})



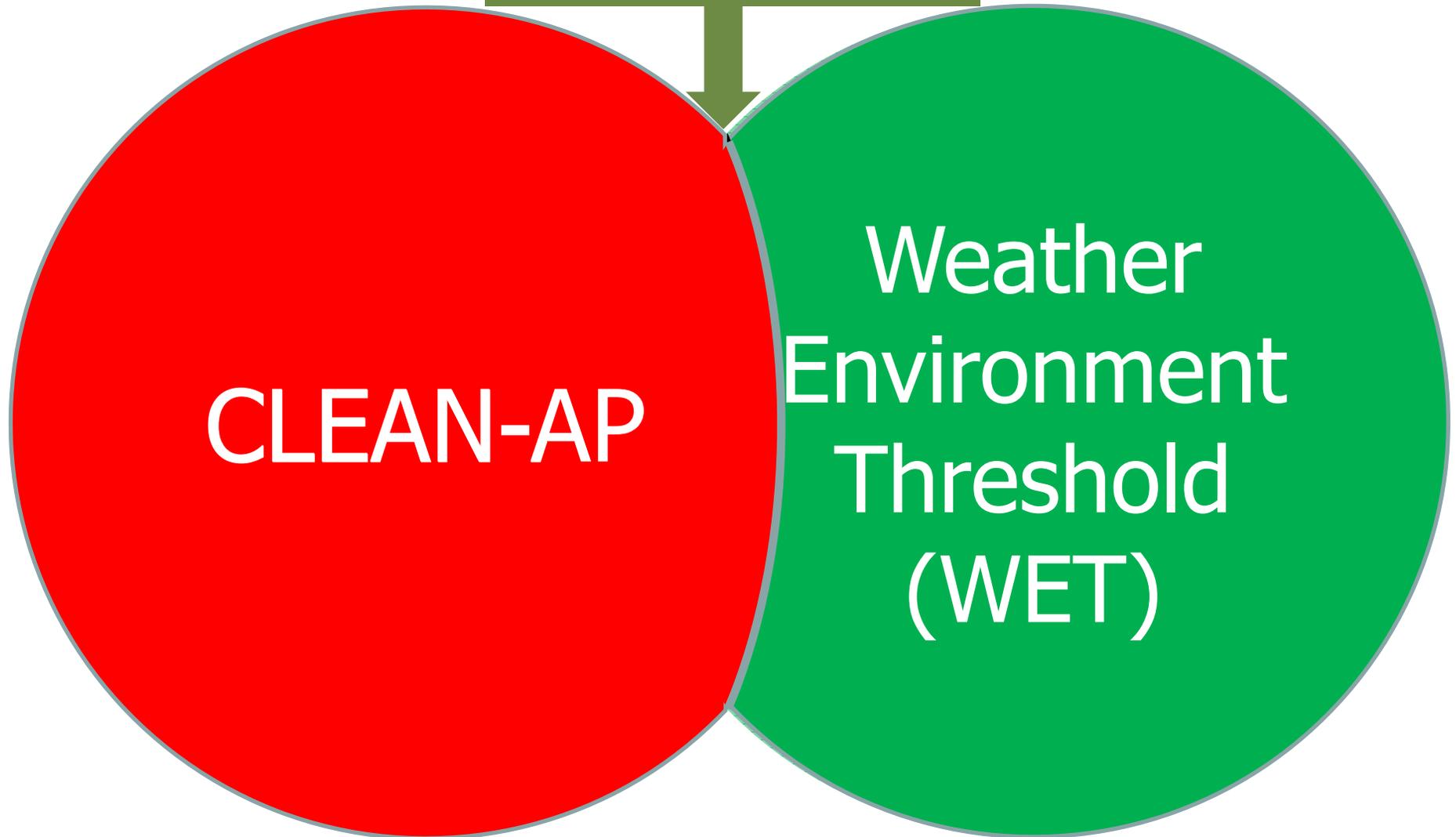
WET/CLEAN-AP



ground clutter mitigation



Mix Ground Clutter/Weather



CLEAN-AP

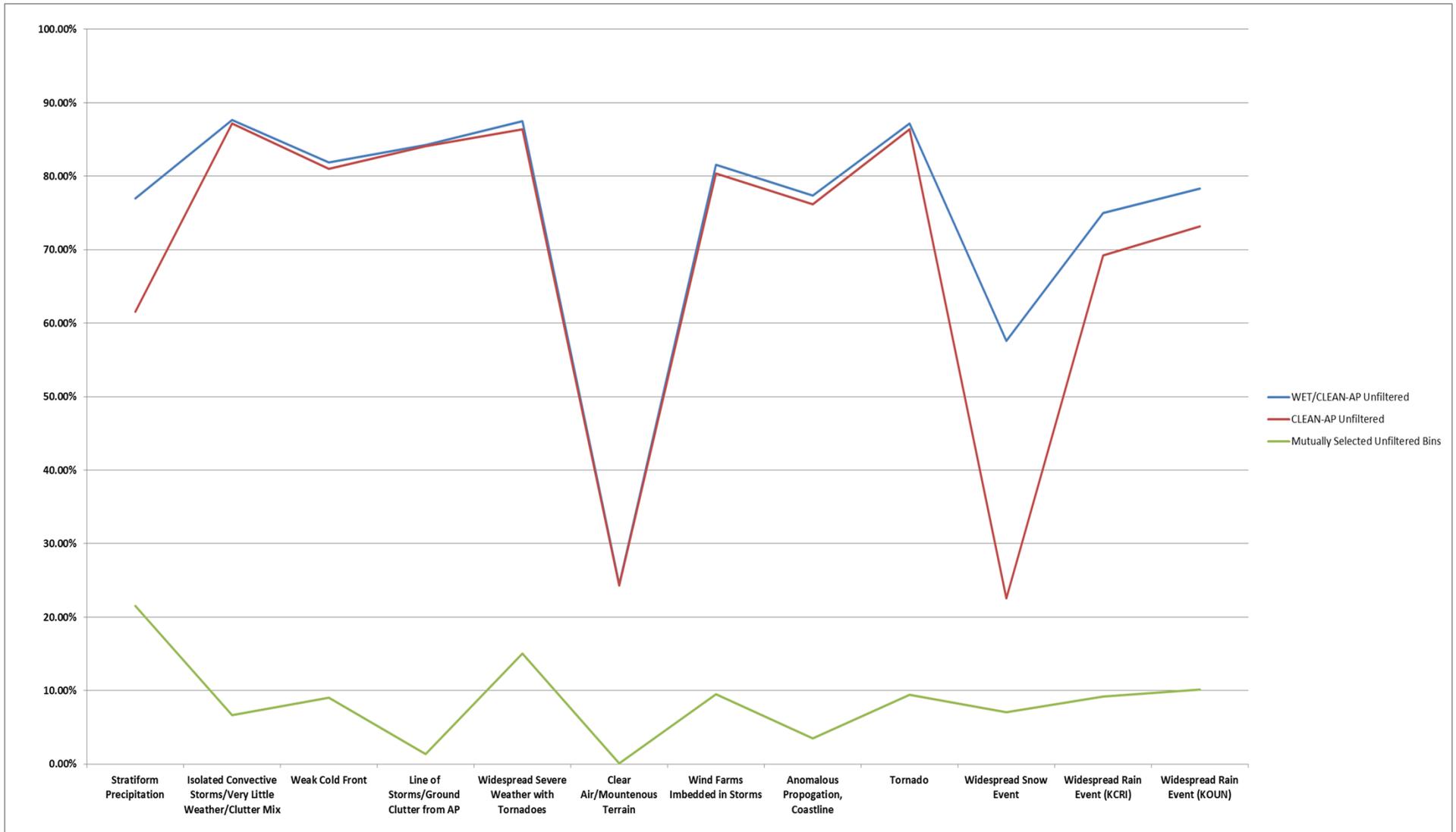
Weather
Environment
Threshold
(WET)

No Weather/No Ground Clutter

Back Up Slides Analysis



Test Cases, Unfiltered Range Bins



clutter affects DP variables more!



- Friedrich et al., JTECH, 26, 2009
 - Combine
 - Real weather level-I (I&Q voltages)
 - Ground Clutter level-I (I&Q voltages)
 - Using different mixing ratios

Parameter	Error of Estimate	CSR (dB)
Z_h	1.7 dB	-1
ϕ_{DP}	3°	-6
Z_{DR}	0.2 dB	-9
ρ_{hv}	0.02	-13